

Framtidens sjöfart Omvärldsbevakning

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Agenda

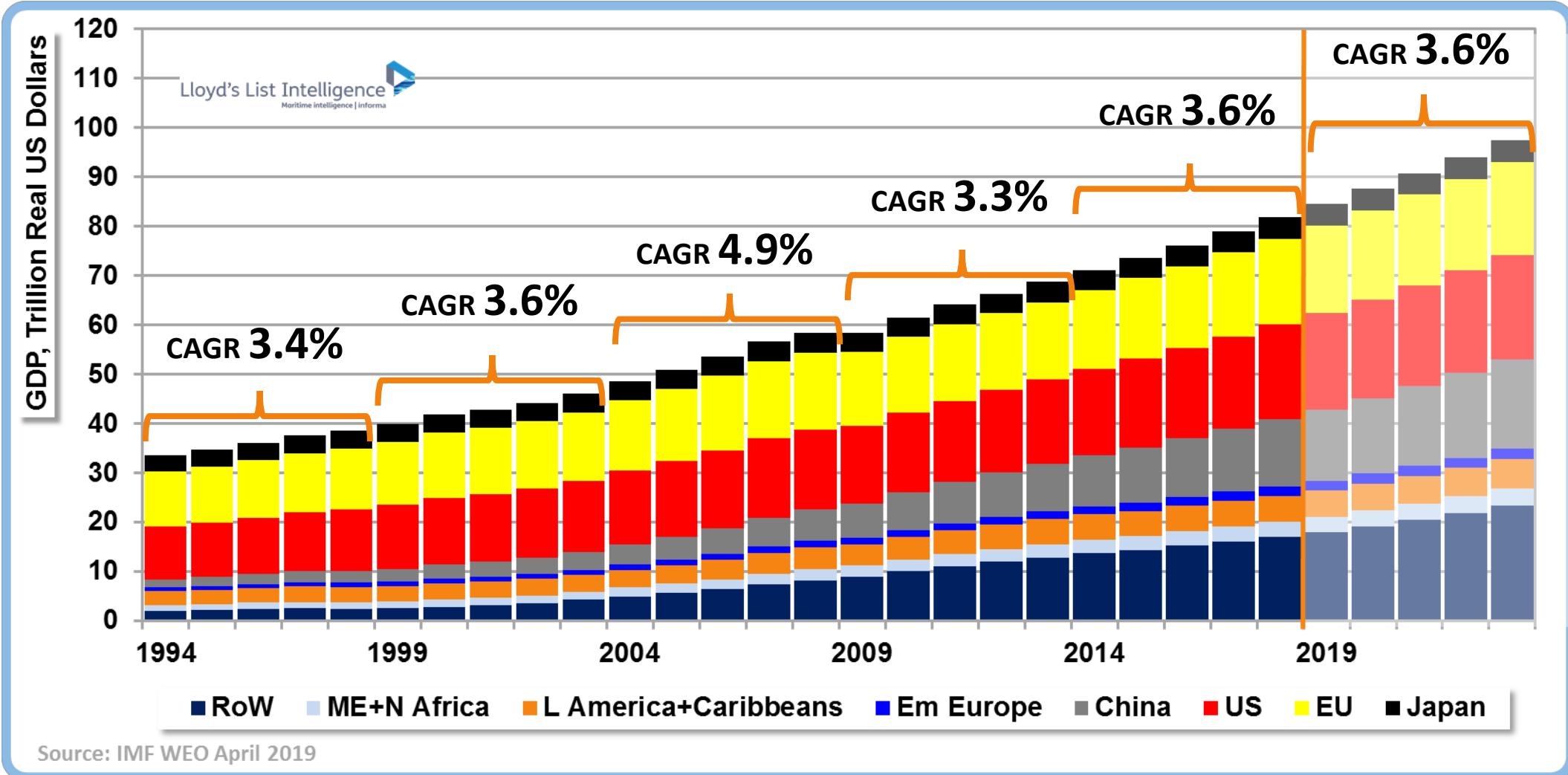
- ❖ BNP, handel & hinder
- ❖ Energi
- ❖ Torrbulk
- ❖ General cargo
- ❖ Container



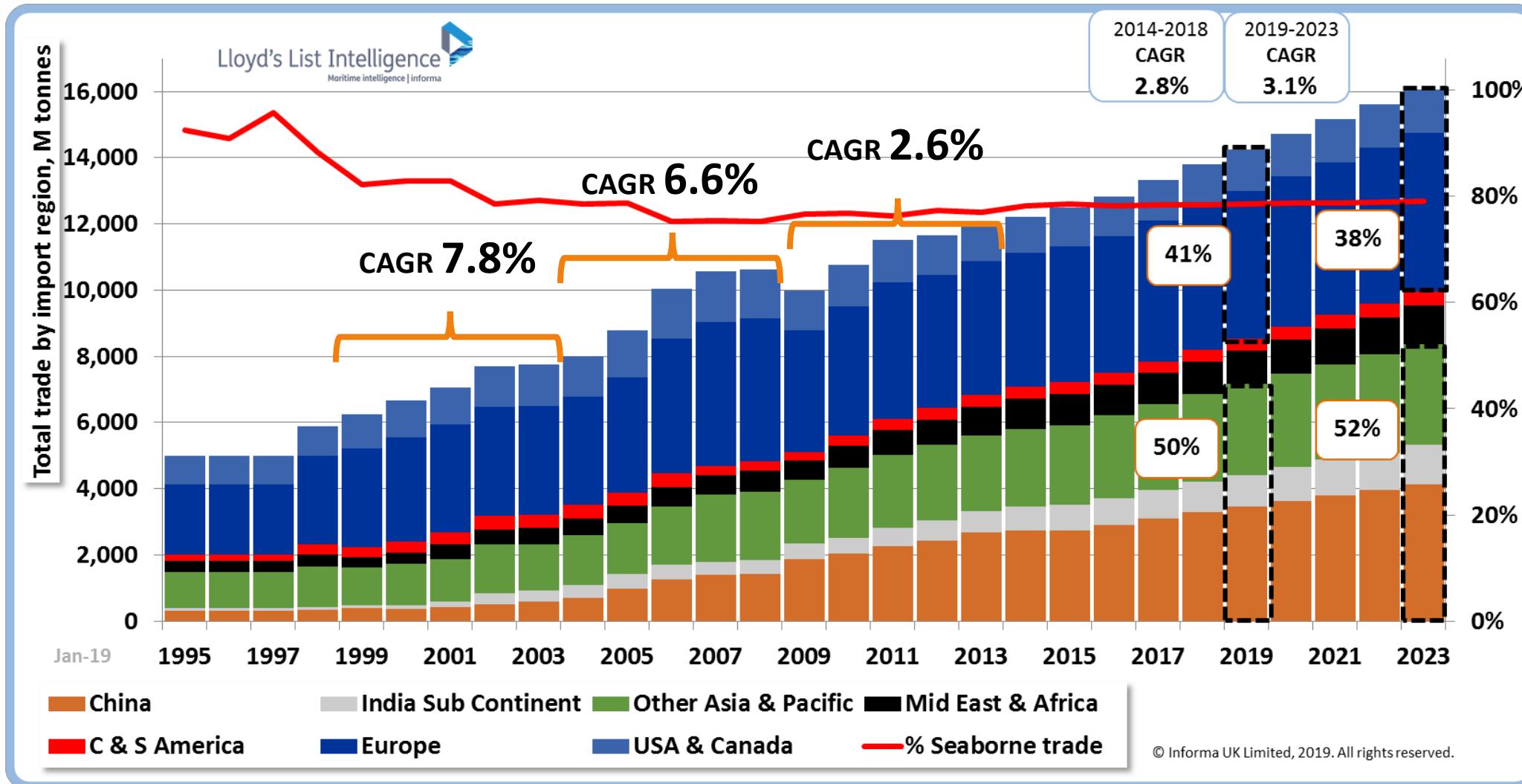
Omvärlds- spaningar

- ❖ **Världsekonomin och handeln växer 3% - 4%**
- ❖ **Fossilberoendet är alltjämt starkt**
- ❖ **Trump, Jinping, Putin & Jong-un stör bilden**
- ❖ **Kinas expansionsplaner bra för råvaruhandeln**
- ❖ **Vem vill ha en 3D-printad lunch?**

Global GDP growth on a healthy track; +\$16Tn the next five years



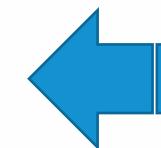
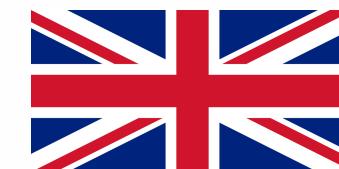
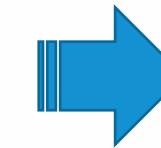
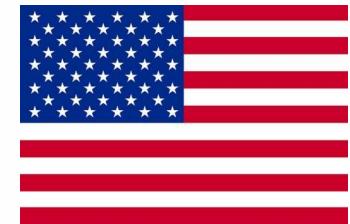
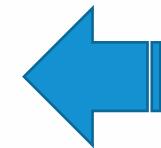
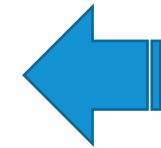
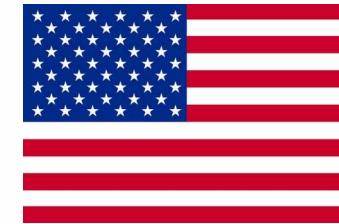
Imports to China and India still add a lot of volumes;
 +1.12Bn tonnes up to 2023 = **50%** of the total growth!



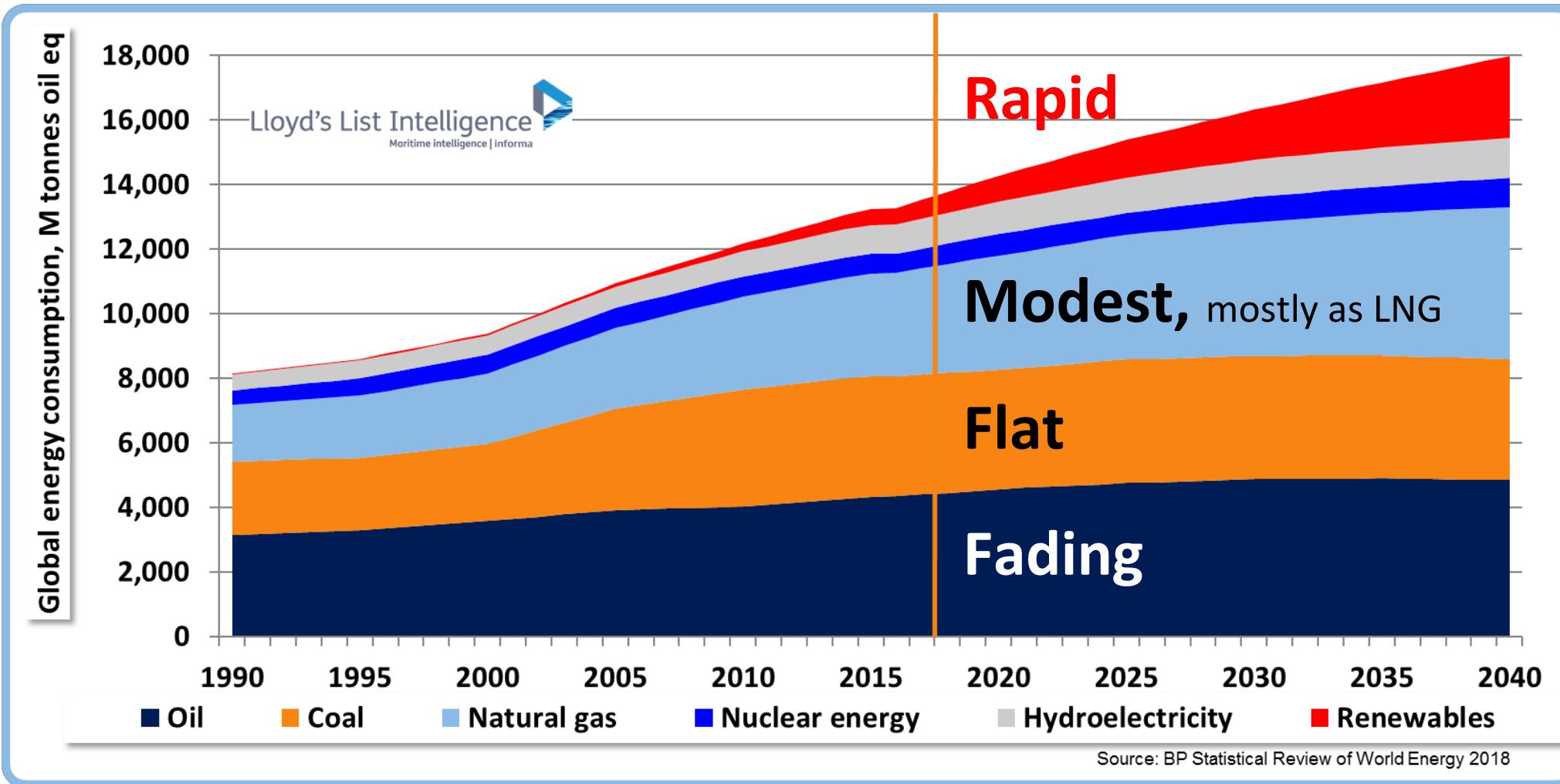
Global trade 2018 was 13.8Bn tonnes
78% was seaborne!

Trade tensions

- **35% of US' containerized imports** comes from China. Tariffs target 1/3.
- **24% of China's containerized imports** from the USA. Tariffs target 26%.
- **UK, 26Mt general cargo exports**
 - 83% to EU: iron & steel, food, cars, chemicals
- **UK, 53Mt general cargo imports**
 - 84% from EU: forest products, food, iron & steel, paper

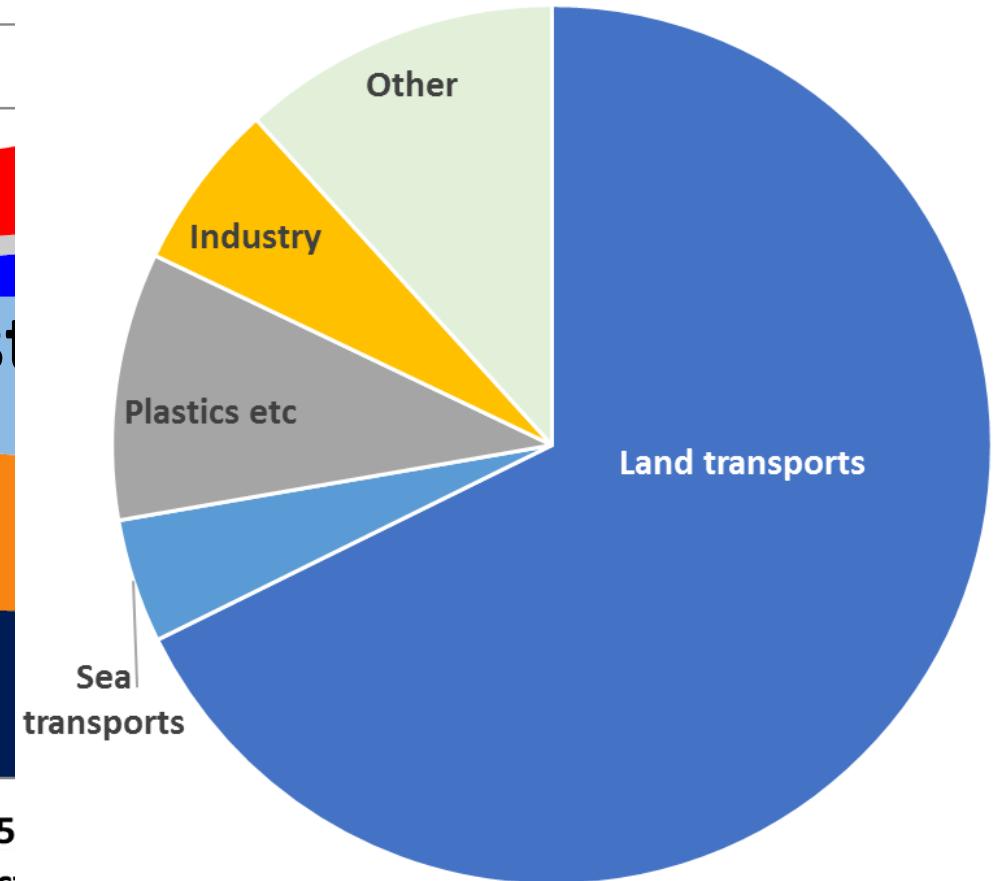
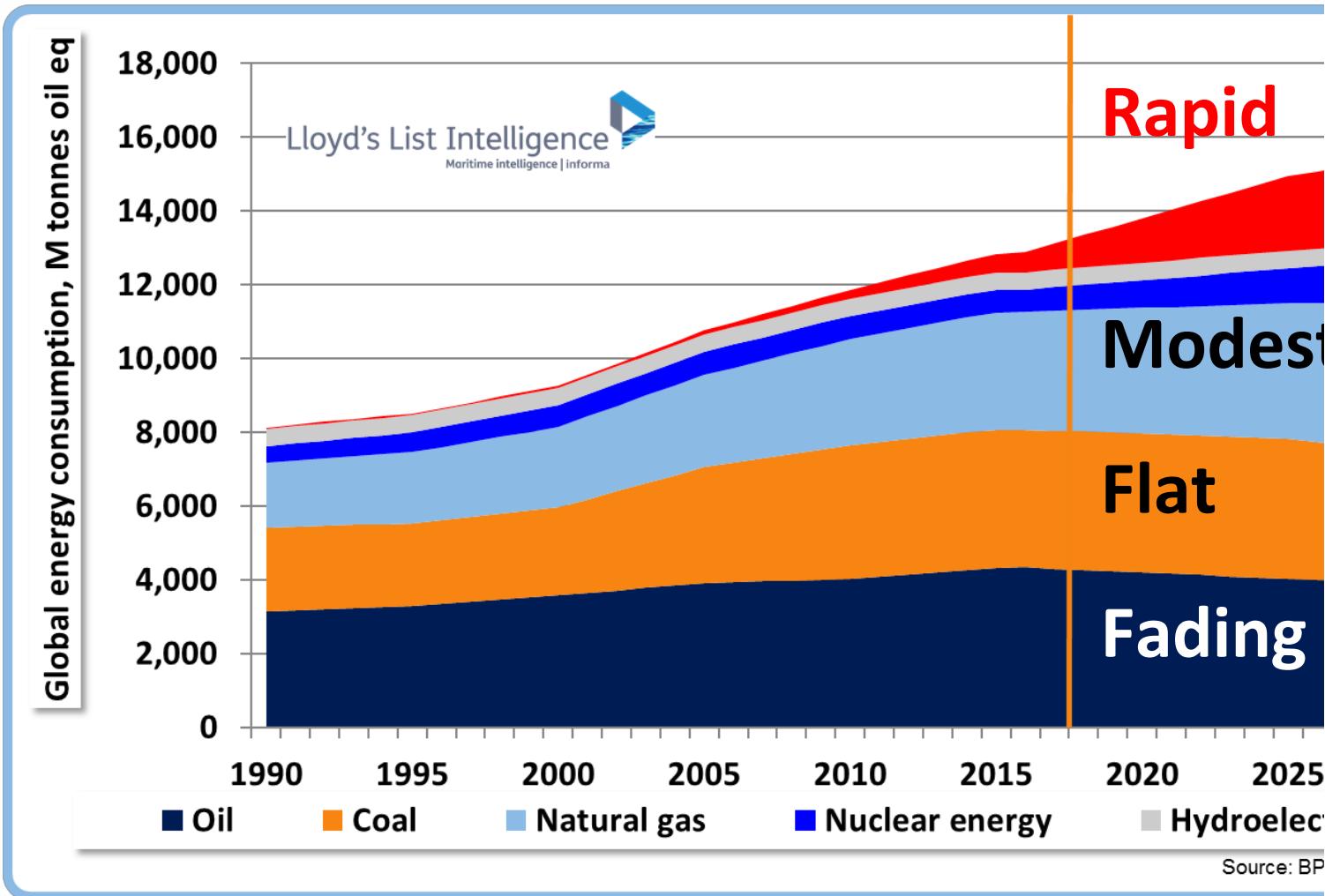


Wind turbines, solar panels, bio-fuels, bans on fossil fuelled cars; still the fossil fuel era is far from over.



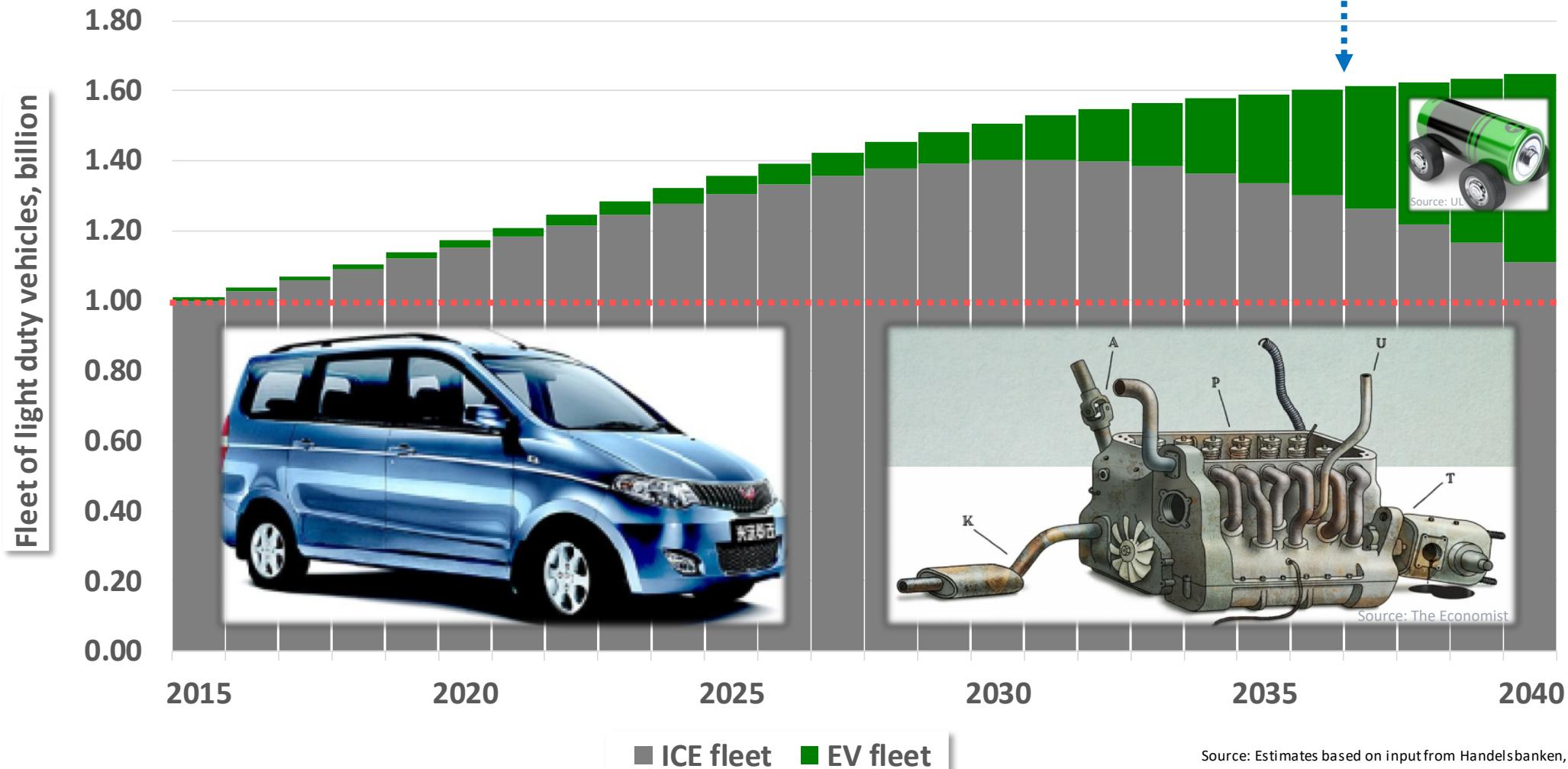
Share 2017	% CAGR	Share 2030
4.3%	7.9%	9.5%
6.9%	1.7%	7.1%
4.3%	1.8%	4.7%
24%	1.8%	25%
29%	0.2%	23%
33%	0.8%	30%
86%		78%

Wind turbines, solar panels, bio-fuels, bans on fossil fuelled cars; still the fossil fuel era is far from over.



Future oil demand largely depends on the uptake of non-fossil fuelled vehicles

New EV sales
> new ICE sales



Faster switch to EV:

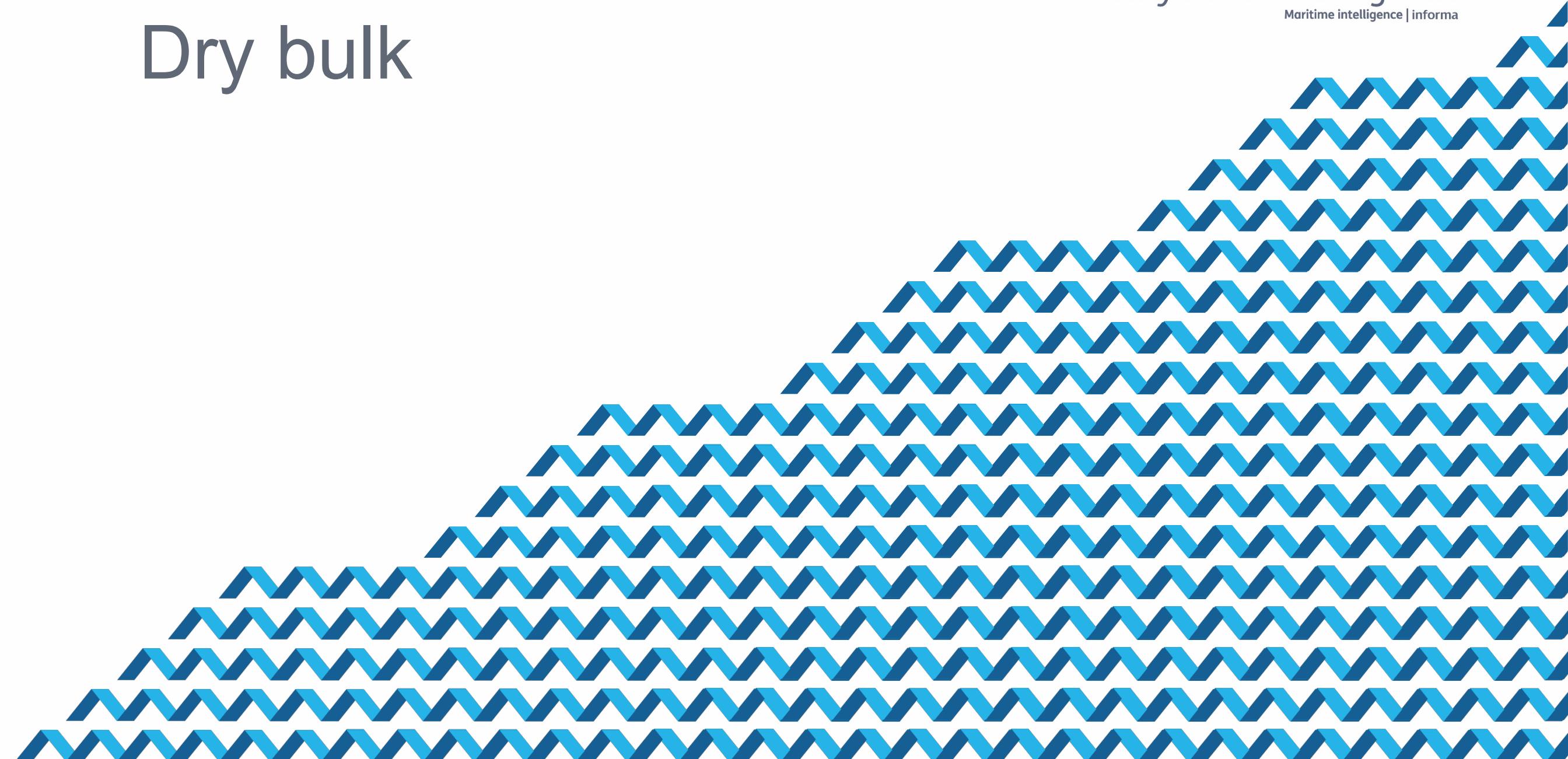
- Better batteries
- Cheaper batteries
- Cheaper EVs
- Faster ICE scrapping
- Improved charging infrastructure
- Renewable power generation

Slower switch to EV:

- More efficient ICEs
- Cheaper ICEs
- Elec grid failures
- EV 2nd hand
- Fossil fuelled power generation

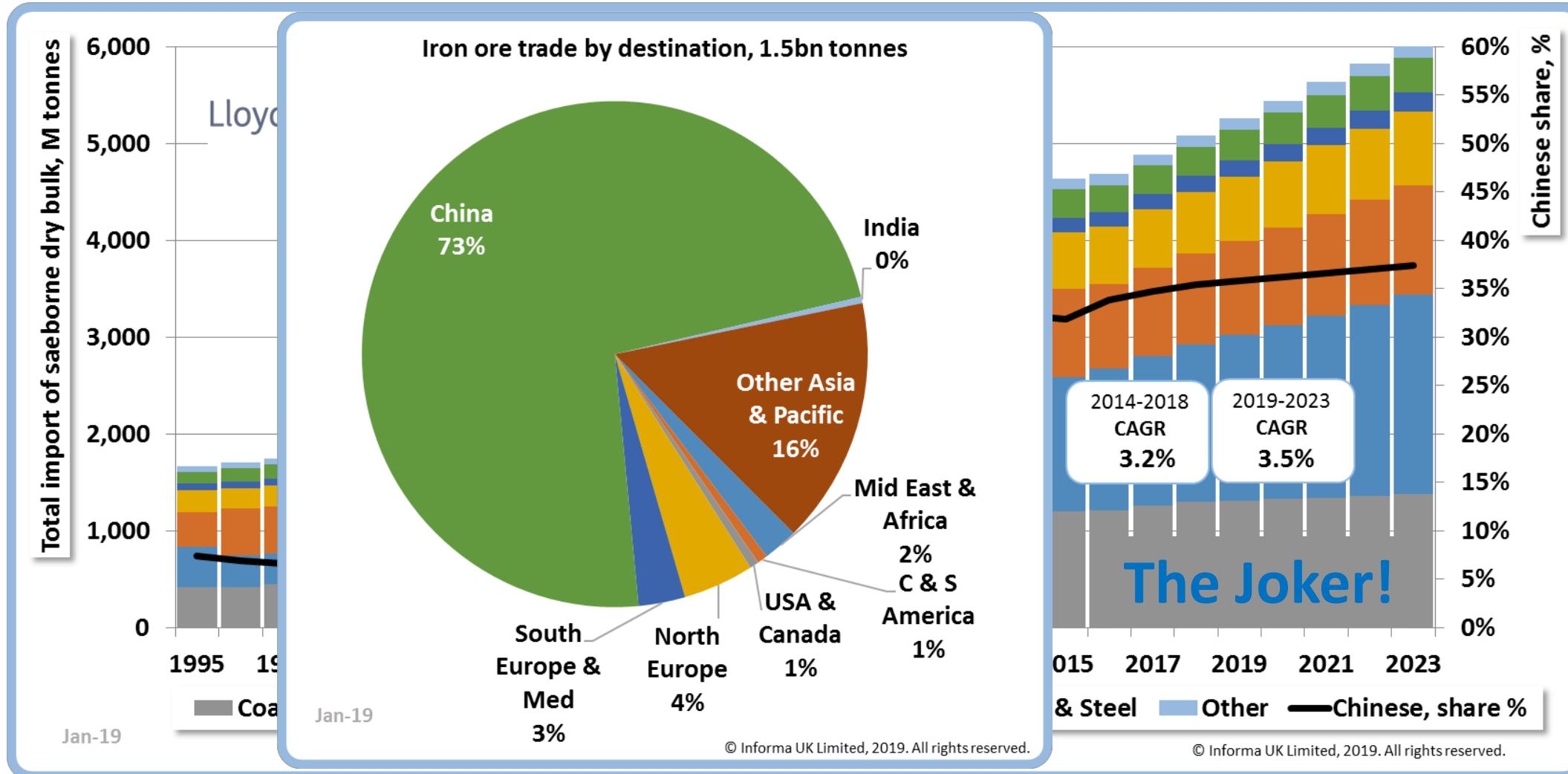
Source: Estimates based on input from Handelsbanken, Bloomberg and various other sources.

Dry bulk



Dry bulk seaborne trade grows slower than before, still 3.5% yearly.

In 15 years, China's share 10% → 35%.



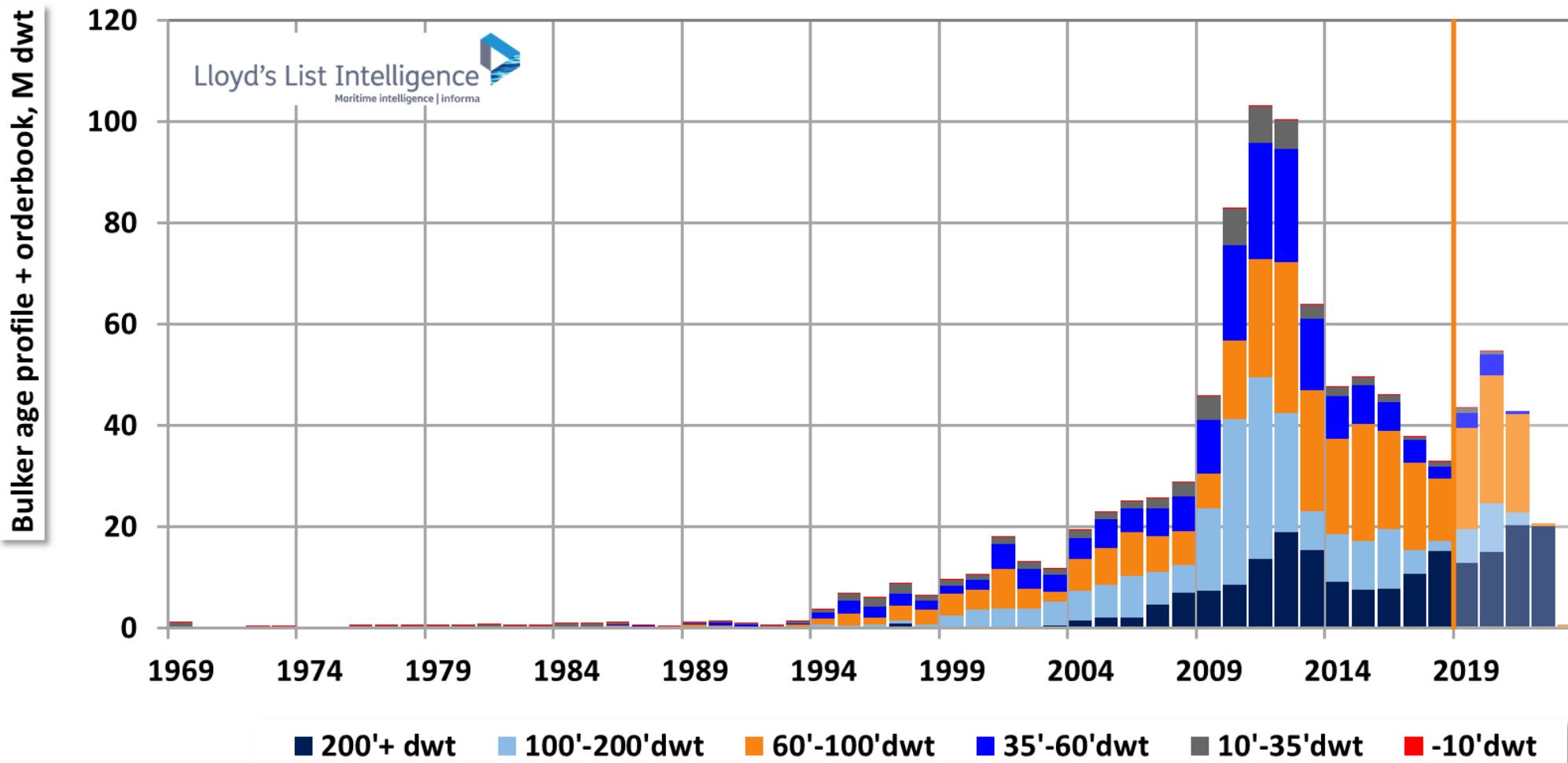
The destination for much of the cargo is China.

Steel for "One belt, one road" Coal is a Joker!

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The orderbook-to-fleet ratio fell to levels not seen since the 1990s, but has recovered slightly.



Mar-19

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-1999

1,666 ships

57.3 mdwt

2000-

10,171 ships

791.8 mdwt

Orderbook

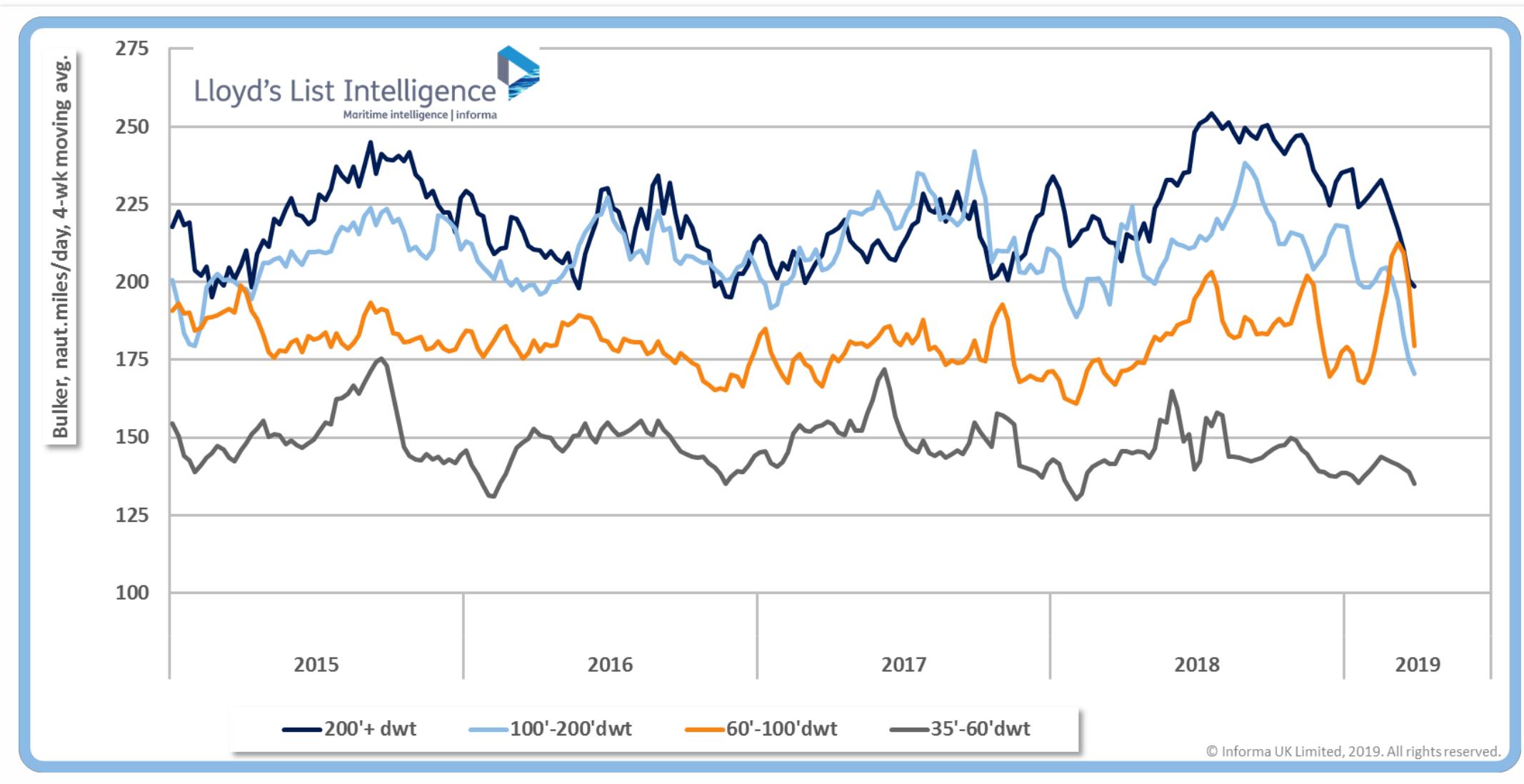
1,584 ships

162.2 mdwt

19% of fleet

Average nautical miles per day

for bulk carriers improved in 2018. Large drop -19.



- Sharp drop in activity for the largest carriers. This is much due to the closure of a mine in Brazil.



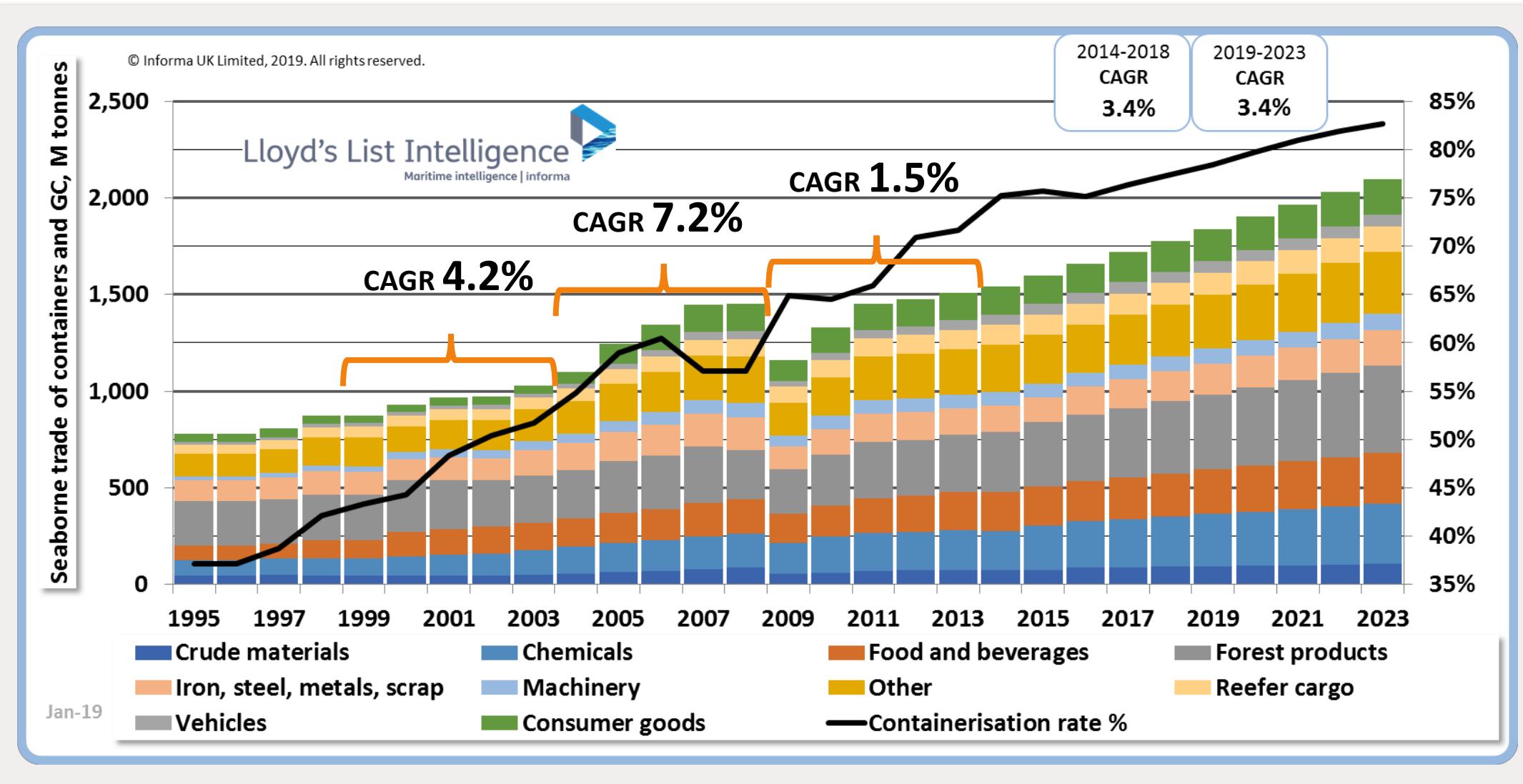
General cargo trade

Carried by:

- General cargo carriers
- Roro ships
- Container carriers
- Reefers
- Landing crafts
- Heavy lift

...

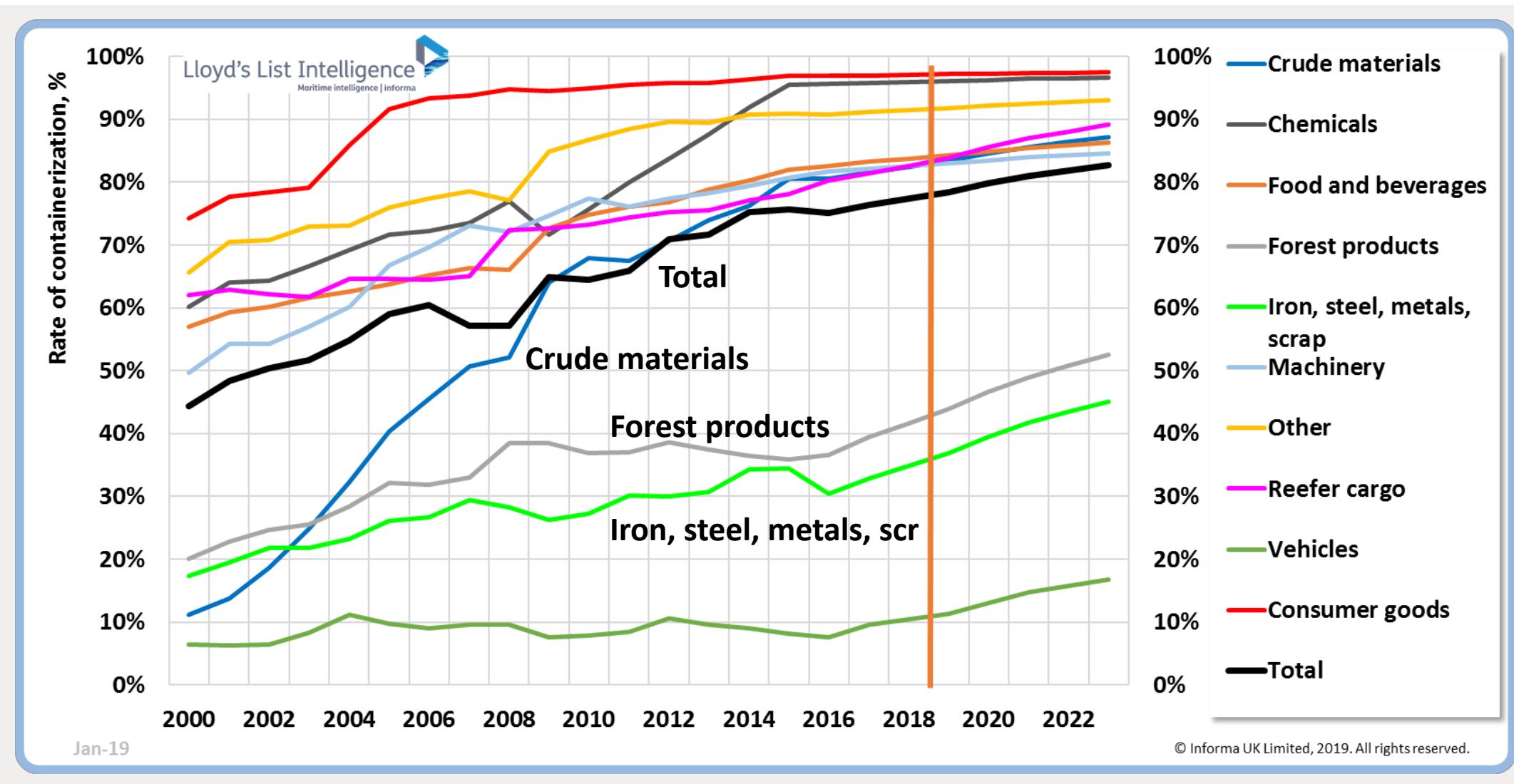
Average growth of general cargo in line with GDP. 77% of general cargo is containerized!



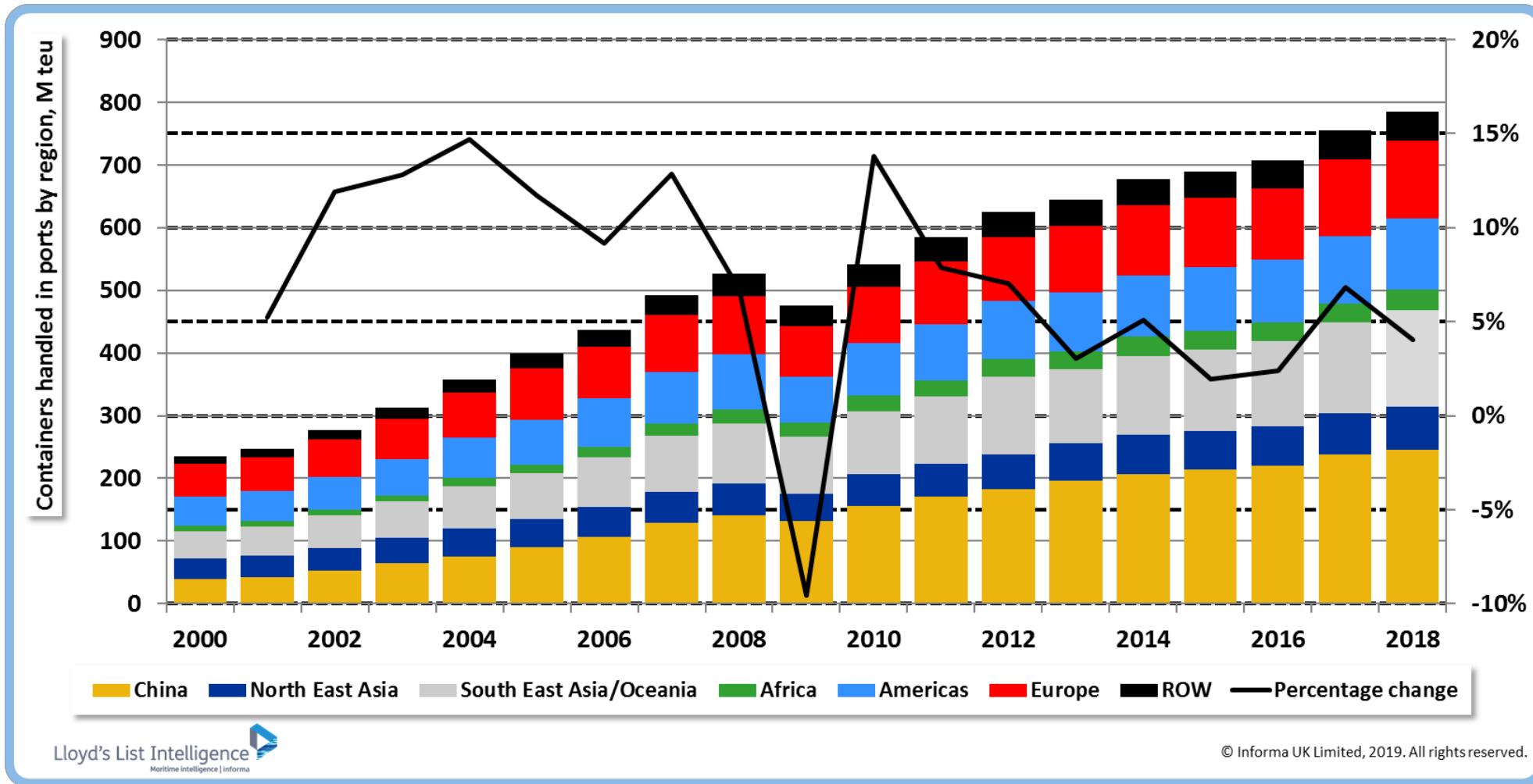
Container

2019-2023	4.7%
2014-2018	5.0%
2009-2013	5.9%
2004-2008	9.4%
1999-2003	8.1%

Forest products and Iron/steel/metals are the fastest movers, but still below the average containerisation rate



Global container port throughput increased by 4% in 2018, the total surpassed 780M teu and China handled 32%.

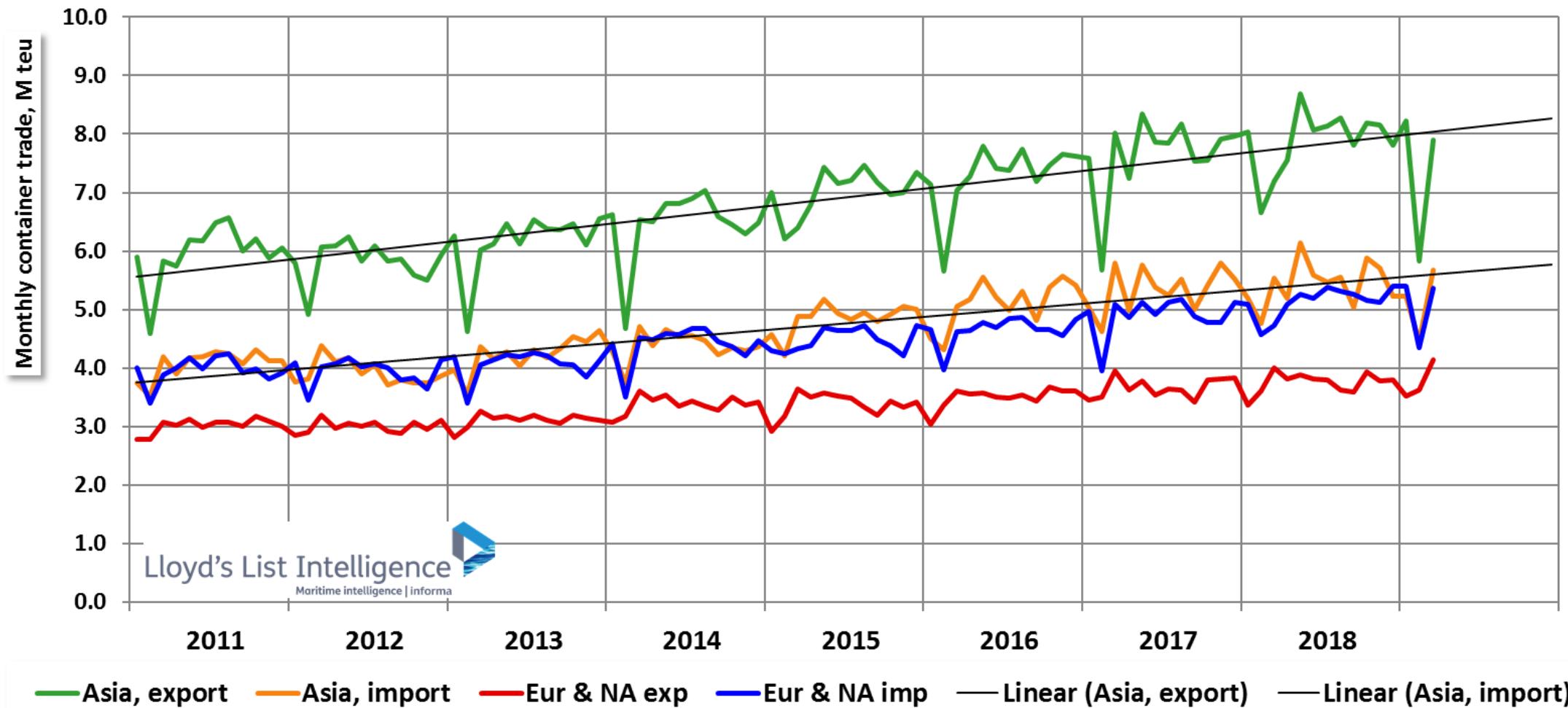


Port \ Mteu	2017	2018	Δ %
Busan	20.47	21.67	6%
Chittagong	2.56	2.80	9%
Shanghai	40.25	38.30	-5%
Singapore	33.67	36.00	7%
Tanjung Pelepas	8.26	9.00	9%
Colombo	6.20	7.00	13%
Hong Kong	20.76	19.72	-5%
Kaohsiung	10.27	10.37	1%
Long Beach	7.54	8.02	6%
Los Angeles	9.34	9.33	0%
Vancouver BC	3.25	3.41	5%
Antwerp	10.45	11.00	5%
Valencia	4.83	5.10	6%
St Petersburg	1.92	2.13	11%
Hamina/Kotka	0.69	0.66	-5%



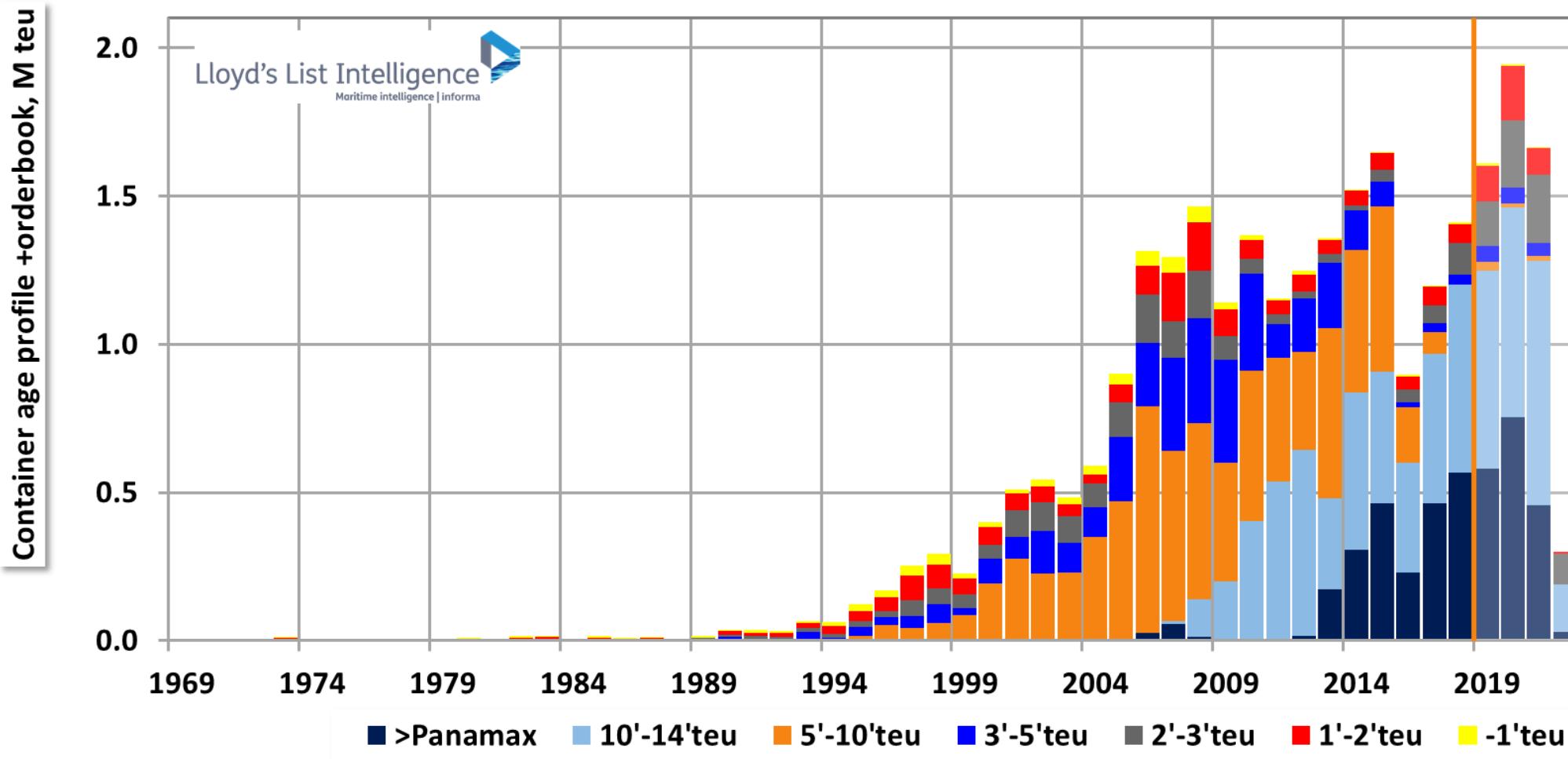
Asia is involved in 65% of ALL container trade. The share is still increasing!

The container trade on the main trades grew by 5.3% in 2017, but only 3.6% in 2018.



Source: Container Trade Statistics

The fleet is still fairly young and the orderbook at 22%. 3-5,000teu will be removed in style from 2025 and onwards



-1999

1,018 ships

1.5 mteu

2000-

4,356 ships

20.7 mteu

Orderbook

783 ships

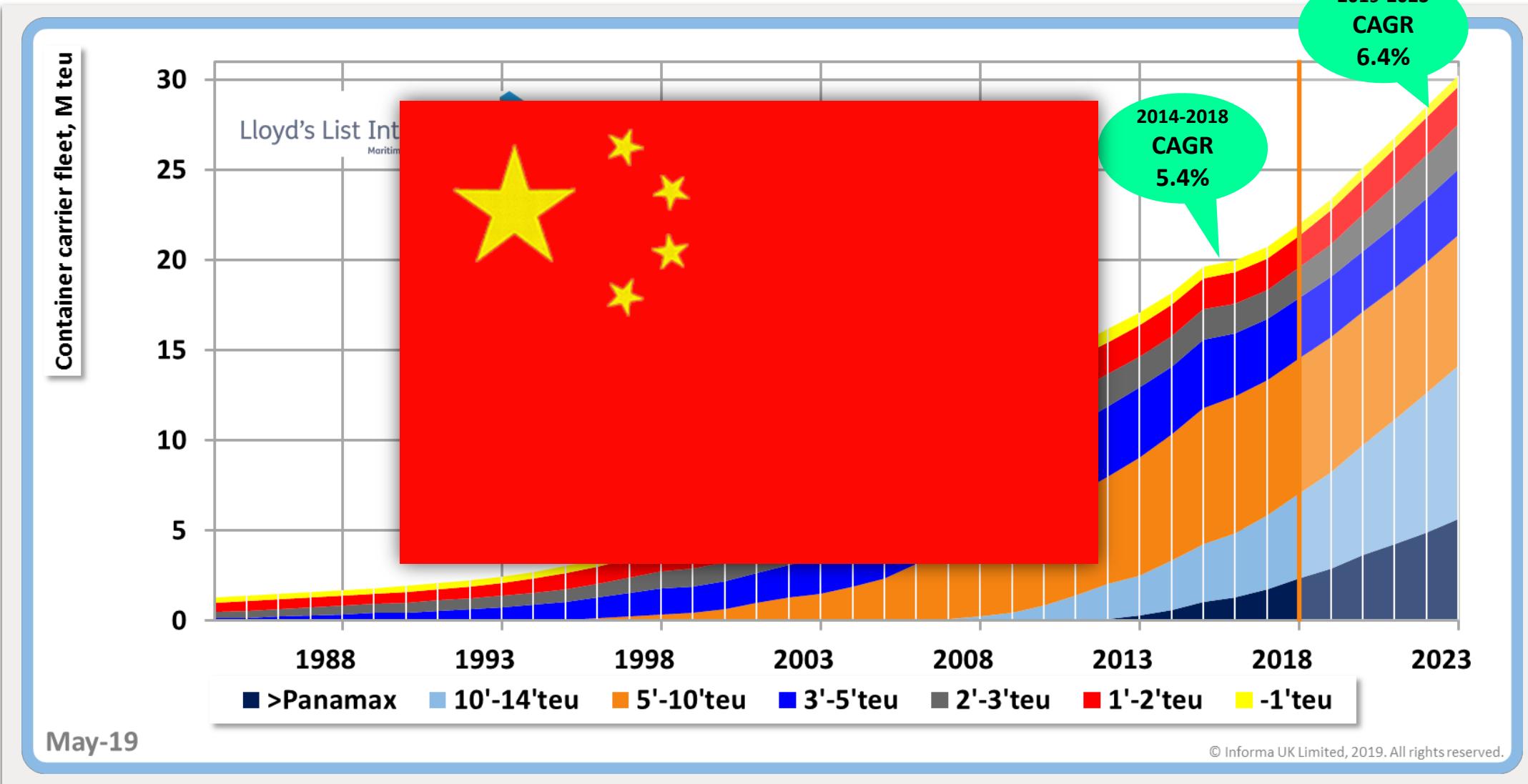
4.9 mteu

22% of fleet

May-19

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Demand growth strong, supply growth stronger!
Low freight rates — more cargo to be containerized.
M&A activity to continue + new trading patterns evolve.



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Tack

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